Passion for Innovation. Compassion for Patients.™



# R&D Day 2019

### DAIICHI SANKYO CO., LTD.

Sunao Manabe President and CEO

December 17, 2019@Tokyo December 19, 2019@New York

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### Daiichi Sankyo's R&D – Where We Are





- Strength of Daiichi Sankyo's R&D
   Science & technology of combined
  - organizations Sources of science & technology
  - In-house drug creation capabilities
     cultivated through innovative
     pharmaceuticals research & development
     for more than 100 years
  - Culture in which individual researchers share their know-how & acquired outcomes and making improvements from there
  - Excellent assessment capability for science

### **Creation of DXd-ADC Assets**





- Focusing on science & technology
- Pursuing Innovation
- Created DXd-ADC assets with expectations for high competitiveness

### **CEO's Mission: (1) Realization of 2025 Vision**





100.0 Bn JPY or more for CMC and manufacturing

Realize 2025 Vision "Global Pharma Innovator with Competitive Advantage in Oncology"5

### **CEO's Mission: (2) Strive for Sustainable Growth**



### Create assets Beyond DXd-ADC

### **Creation of Beyond DXd-ADC** assets

 Utilize Daiichi Sankyo's competitive new modalities and technology, expand drug creation technology platform
 Identify competitive assets by reliable assessment capabilities



Apply Daiichi Sankyo's new modalities and technologies to delivering new drugs that are not limited to specific therapeutic areas

### **Key Areas for Further Growth**





- Acquire world's most cuttingedge science & technology necessary for global expansion
- Hire and develop the people who can innovate from all over the world
- Taking advantage of digital revolution

   (AI, Big Data, IoT etc.)
- Improve the company's science & technology

#### **Delivery of new drugs with significant contribution for patients**

**Renew Mid-to-Long-Term Vision** 







#### Passion for Innovation. Compassion for Patients.™





### Junichi Koga, PhD Global Head of R&D

### **Progress as Planned**





### **R&D Now Built on 3 Pillars**



The potential of 3 ADCs has increased enough to create a pillar from each of them

Prioritize investments and resource allocation to 3 ADC projects



### New R&D Strategy: 3 and Alpha



### 3 lead ADCs

DS-8201: maximize value with codevelopment partnership with AZ

DS-1062: Substantial opportunities across multiple indications

U3-1402: fast to market

#### Science-informed precision medicine: three ADCs based on the unique biology of DXd technology and the vector/receptor

Alpha = angle of attack and speed of elevation

Alpha = Performance far exceeding benchmark index



Daiichi-Sankyo

chord

Alpha

camber line

angle of attack

🔹 α

Relative wind

Alpha= the cutting edge and power of true innovation delivering drugs changing SOC

### **Categorization of 3 and Alpha**





- Timely and flexible resource allocation
- Seamless collaboration among organizations in order to further combinatorial innovation

**Daiichi Sankyo Focus on Drugs Changing SOC** 



# Drugs Changing SOC

# First-in-class drugs having disruptive MOA Target others cannot deliver



## Best-in-class drugs

improved through medicinal chemistry and biology to meet unmet medical

### **Daiichi Sankyo Researchers**





- Excellent junior scientists have been recruited and developed in a wide range of areas
- Resilience mindset is respected among scientists
- Disruptive thinking and approach are encouraged
- Constructive working environment regardless of expertise and hierarchy

### Daiichi Sankyo's Unique Science & Technology







### **Technology Portfolio in Daiichi Sankyo**





### **DS-Original Lipid Nanoparticle (LNP)**





- Efficient encapsulation of nucleic acids
- High nucleic acid delivery ability
- Wide safety margin due to metabolizable cationic lipid
- Suitable to clinical development

### **DS-Original Small Interfering RNA:** MED-siRNA



#### MED-siRNA modified with alternately combined 2'-O-methyl RNA and DNA



- Low cost & easy manufacture
- RNase resistance
- Reduction of IFN induction
- Avoidance of off-target

### **Mindsets & Behaviors which Nourish**







Care. Compassion. Science. It's Our Obligation.



### R&D Day 2019 Progress Report

Antoine Yver, MD, MSc Executive VP & Global Head R&D Oncology

### Today's Agenda

#### Daiichi-Sankyo cancerenterprise

#### **1** Introduction

- 2 DS-8201: The Data
- **3 DS-8201: The Collaboration**
- 4 ADC Portfolio: Data and CDP Updates
- 5 DXd ADC ILD
- 6 "3 and Alpha"
- 7 News Flow and Future Events



### **Today Marks A Critical Step on Our Journey**



#### 2019

#### "3 and Alpha" Strategy

#### 2016

#### **Cancer Enterprise Strategy**

- Accelerated DS-8201 and scale of manufacturing (300M\$ CAPEX)
- Predicted 2019 crunch point for CE, needing ~100% RD Unit Budget

#### 2017

R&D Strategy and Cancer Enterprise 2025

- '7 in 8' CE 2025
- Enhanced CE allocation of R&D resources

#### ADC Franchise Strategy

2018

- Highlighted the scope of opportunity offered by the DXd platform
- Defined choices for operating model to maximize the ADC franchise value
- Validated ADC strategy with AZ agreement

### History of Antibody Drug Conjugates (ADCs)





### **History of ADCs**



### From a brilliant concept to DXd break-through technology



Ehrlich's early (1900) views "on cellular metabolism, and the mode of toxin action and antitoxin formation during the process of immunization" (Courtesy of the Royal Society)

DS-8201 2019

#### 1913 Nobel Prize



### DXd ADC 'Smart Chemo' Technology Platform



Seven majorDaiichi Sankyo has created seven major technologies oninnovationstwo critical components of the ADC: payload and linker



### Additional Technology for DXd ADCs

Drug Antibody Ratio (DAR) 4 Conjugation



#### DAR8: DS-8201, U3-1402



Source: Ogitani Y et al., Clin. Cancer Res. 2016; 22:5097-5108, Marcoux J et al., Protein Science 2015; 24:1210-1223

#### DAR4: DS-1062, DS-7300

#### D4-enriched DAR4



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# Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (DS-8201) in HER2-Positive Metastatic Breast Cancer Previously Treated With T-DM1: DESTINY-Breast01 Study

Ian Krop, Cristina Saura, Toshinari Yamashita, Yeon Hee Park, Sung-Bae Kim, Kenji Tamura, Fabrice André, Hiroji Iwata, Yoshinori Ito, Junji Tsurutani, Joohyuk Sohn, Neelima Denduluri, Christophe Perrin, Kenjiro Aogi, Eriko Tokunaga, Seock-Ah Im, Keun Seok Lee, Sara Hurvitz, Javier Cortes, Caleb Lee, Shuquan Chen, Lin Zhang, Javad Shahidi, Antoine Yver, Shanu Modi

#### **On behalf of the DESTINY-Breast01 investigators**

These data are published simultaneously in NEJM on Dec 11, 2019 Link to NEJM

### DESTINY-Breast01 Study Design: An Open-Label, Multicenter, Phase 2 Study



- **Primary:** confirmed ORR by independent central imaging facility review per RECIST v1.1
- Secondary: investigator-assessed ORR, DCR, DOR, CBR, PFS, OS, PK and safety

- 79 patients (42.9%) are ongoing
- 105 patients (57.1%) discontinued, primarily for progressive disease (28.8%)



### **Patient Baseline Characteristics**

|  | <b>Patients</b><br>T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (N=184) <sup>a</sup> |
|--|---|
| Age, median (range), years   | 55.0 (28-96)  |
| Female, %  | 100   |
| <b>Region, %</b><br>Asia / North America / Europe                      | 34.2 / 28.8 / 37.0                                      |
| ECOG performance status 0 / 1 / 2, %                                   | 55.4 / 44.0 / 0.5                                       |
| Hormone receptor positive / negative / unknown, %                      | 52.7 / 45.1 / 2.2                                       |
| HER2 expression, % <sup>b</sup><br>IHC 3+<br>IHC 2+; ISH+/IHC 1+; ISH+ | 83.7<br>15.2 / 1.1                                      |
| Presence of visceral disease, %  | 91.8  |
| History of brain metastases, %   | 13.0  |

<sup>a</sup>All 184 patients received ≥1 dose of T-DXd. <sup>b</sup>HER2 status was centrally assessed on archival tissue according to guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncology–College of American Pathologists. ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; IHC, immunohistochemistry; ISH, in situ hybridization.



### **Patient Baseline Characteristics** (cont'd)

| Median prior | lines of cance | r therapy: 6 | (range 2-27) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|

| Prior Treatment <sup>a</sup> | <b>Patients, %</b><br>T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (N=184) |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Trastuzumab                  | 100   |  |
| T-DM1                        | 100   |  |
| Pertuzumab                   | 65.8  |  |
| Other anti-HER2 therapies    | 54.3  |  |
| Hormone therapy              | 48.9  |  |
| Other systemic therapy       | 99.5  |  |

<sup>a</sup>Therapies for locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer, including hormone therapy.



### **Primary Endpoint: Overall Response Rate**

| Intent-to-treat analysis     | Patients<br>T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (N = 184)                   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Confirmed ORR by ICR         | <b>60.9% (n = 112)</b><br>(95% Cl <i>,</i> 53.4%-68.0%) |
| CR                           | 6.0% (n = 11)   |
| PR                           | 54.9% (n = 101)   |
| SD                           | 36.4% (n = 67)  |
| PD                           | 1.6% (n = 3)  |
| Not evaluable                | 1.1% (n = 2)  |
| DCR                          | 97.3% (95% CI, 93.8%-99.1%)                             |
| CBR × 6 months               | 76.1% (95% Cl <i>,</i> 69.3%-82.1%)                     |
| Duration of response, median | 14.8 months (95% Cl, 13.8-16.9)                         |

• Median time to response was 1.6 months (95% CI, 1.4-2.6 months)

CBR, clinical benefit rate (SD for ≥6 mo + CR + PR); CR, complete response; DCR, disease control rate (CR + PR + SD); ICR, independent central review; ORR, objective response rate (CR + PR); PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease.



### **Best Change in Tumor Size**



The line at 20% indicates progressive disease; the line at -30% indicates partial response. <sup>a</sup> Includes all patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (intent-to-treat analysis; N=184).



### **Overall Response Rate by Subgroup**

|                      |   | ORR, % | [95% CI]  |
|----------------------|---|--------|---|
| N=184                | <b>_</b>  | 60.9   | [53.4-68.0]   |
| Yes (n=121)          |   | 64.5   | [55.2-73.0]   |
| No (n=63)            |   | 54.0   | [40.9-66.6]   |
| Positive (n=97)      | <b></b>   | 57.7   | [47.3-67.7]   |
| Negative (n=83)      |   | 66.3   | [55.1-76.3]   |
| Yes (n=24)           |   | 58.3   | [36.6-77.9]   |
| No (n=160)           | <b> </b>  | 61.3   | [53.2-68.8]   |
| Yes (n=169)          | <b>_</b> _  | 60.4   | [52.6-67.8]   |
| No (n=15)            |   | 66.7   | [38.4-88.2]   |
| Asia (n=63)          |   | 58.7   | [45.6-71.0]   |
| North America (n=53) | <b> </b>  | 62.3   | [47.9-75.2]   |
| Europe (n=68)        | <b> </b>  | 61.8   | [49.2-73.3]   |
| 0 (n=102)            |   | 65.7   | [55.6-74.8]   |
| 1 (n=81)             |   | 55.6   | [44.1-66.6]   |
| IHC 3+ (n=154)       |   | 63.0   | [54.8-70.6]   |
| IHC 1+/2+ (n=28)     | 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  | 46.4   | [27.5-66.1]   |
|                      | N=184         Yes (n=121)         No (n=63)         Positive (n=97)         Negative (n=83)         Yes (n=24)         No (n=160)         Yes (n=169)         No (n=15)         Asia (n=63)         North America (n=53)         Europe (n=68)         0 (n=102)         1 (n=81)         IHC 3+ (n=154)         IHC 1+/2+ (n=28) | N=184  | N=184       60.9         Yes (n=121)       64.5         No (n=63)       54.0         Positive (n=97)       57.7         Negative (n=83)       66.3         Yes (n=24)       66.3         Yes (n=160)       61.3         Yes (n=169)       60.4         No (n=15)       66.7         Asia (n=63)       58.7         North America (n=53)       61.8         0 (n=102)       65.7         1 (n=81)       55.6         IHC 3+ (n=154)       63.0         IHC 1+/2+ (n=28)       46.4 |

<sup>a</sup>Patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg.

San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium<sup>®</sup>, December 10-14, 2019

### **Progression-Free and Overall Survival**





- Median follow-up, 11.1 months (range, 0.7-19.9 months)
- Median PFS in the 24 patients with brain metastases was 18.1 months (95% CI, 6.7-18.1 months)<sup>a</sup>

Patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg. Cl, confidence interval; NE, not estimable.


#### **Treatment-emergent Adverse Events in >15% of Patients**



Patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg.

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#### **Adverse Events of Special Interest: LVEF**

| Patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (N=184) |
|---|
|---|

| Preferred Term,<br>n (%)                 | Grade 1 | Grade2  | Grade 3              | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Any Grade/<br>Total |
|--|---------|---------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| Cardiac failure                          | 1 (0.5) | 0       | 0                    | 0       | 0       | 1 (0.5)             |
| Cardiac failure<br>congestive            | 0       | 1 (0.5) | 0                    | 0       | 0       | 1 (0.5)             |
| Ejection fraction decreased <sup>a</sup> | 0       | 2 (1.1) | 1 (0.5) <sup>b</sup> | 0       | 0       | 3 (1.6)             |

- No events of cardiac failure with LVEF decline were reported
- No patients had an LVEF of <40% or a decrease of ≥20% at any timepoint
- 4 out of the 5 subjects continued on treatment for 2–18 cycles

<sup>a</sup>All patients were asymptomatic and recovered/recovering after interruption of study treatment. <sup>b</sup>LVEF was >55% during treatment. LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction.

#### Adverse Events of Special Interest: Interstitial Lung Disease (ILD)

|                              | Patients who received T-DXd 5.4 mg/kg (N=184) |          |         |         |         |               |
|------------------------------|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Preferred Term,<br>n (%)     |   |          |         |         |         | Any<br>Grade/ |
|                              | Grade 1                                       | Grade 2  | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Total         |
| Interstitial<br>lung disease | 5 (2.7)                                       | 15 (8.2) | 1 (0.5) | 0       | 4 (2.2) | 25 (13.6)     |

Drug related; ILD was determined by the Independent ILD Adjudication Committee based on 44 preferred terms.

Among the 25 total events:

- Median time to investigator-reported onset was 193 days (range, 42-535 days)
- 13 of 20 patients with grade  $\geq$ 2 ILD received corticosteroids
- 7 patients recovered, 2 were recovering, 12 were either outcome unknown or not followed until resolution, and 4 died
- Of the 4 fatal cases, onset was from 63-148 days, 3 received steroids as part of treatment, and death occurred 9-60 days after ILD diagnosis

Recommendations: Monitor for symptoms. Hold T-DXd and start steroids as soon as ILD is suspected

ILD, interstitial lung disease.

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DS-8201\*



How does it compare vs historical HER2 agents in HER2 metastatic breast cancer?

|  | Pertuzumab +<br>trastuzumab<br>+ docetaxel (1L) <sup>1</sup> | T-DM1<br>(1L, failed<br>study) <sup>2</sup> | T-DM1<br>(2L) <sup>3</sup> | T-DM1<br>(3L+) <sup>4</sup> | <b>DS-8201</b> <sup>5</sup>                             |
|--|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| mPFS                                   | 18.5m  | 14.1m                                       | 9.6m                       | 6.2m                        | 16.4m   |
| DoR                                    | 20.2m  | 20.7m                                       | 12.6m                      | 9.7m                        | 14.8m   |
| OS                                     | 56.5m  | 53.7m                                       | 30.9m                      | 22.7m                       | NE  |
| ORR                                    | 80%  | 60%   | 43.6%                      | 31%                         | 60.9%   |
| Median prior<br>Rx for adv.<br>disease | 0  | 0   | 1                          | 4                           | <b>6</b><br>100% prior T-DM1<br>66% prior<br>pertuzumab |

<sup>1</sup>CLEOPATRA (NEJM 2012), <sup>2</sup>MARIANNE (J Clin Oncol 2017), <sup>3</sup>EMILIA (NEJM 2012), <sup>4</sup>TH3RESA (Lancet Oncol 2017),

<sup>5</sup>Lancet Oncology, April 29, 2019, m: Month, NR:Not Reached

\*DS-8201 is an investigational agent; efficacy and safety have not been established.



- ADC concept was first described in 1913, and it took until now to really break through
- DS-8201 is, first and foremost, a massively advanced technological break through
  - > It was designed to achieve best-in-class technology
  - > It delivers unique practice-changing evidence

#### Breast cancer doctors don't 'think' ILD

We do not shy away from discussing the importance of monitoring, and actively screening and treating any suspicion of ILD

# DS-8201 | Remarkable Speed in Development & Manufacturing Scale up



#### ~ 4 Years

Keytruda<sup>®</sup> is 2<sup>nd</sup> fastest US biologics ever: FTIH to US market 4.5 years... so DS-8201 can possibly break this precedent

Japan NDA submitted & accepted 09 Sep. 2019; EU MAA tracking to plan

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### DS-8201 | Strategic Collaboration with AstraZeneca



Unique Science





# Extensive expertise in oncology



Opportunity for strategic collaboration with excellent partner with a rich heritage in breast cancer

Accelerate building in-house oncology business infrastructure, while optimizing resources Maximize product value oncology products

- Earlier penetration in global market
- Expand to new indications

# **DS-8201 | Immediate Benefits of the Collaboration**



# Together, we have achieved much!





#### Optimized Resources with Accelerated Development

- Re
   rev
   Joi
   acc
  - Regulatory submissions on time with joint review and rapid alignment
  - Joint clinical operations working group to accelerate study initiation
  - Leverage AZ's ongoing platform studies (HUDSON/BEGONIA) with DS-8201 cohort
  - Joint IT working group to support upcoming DS-8201 studies



#### Maximizing Product Value

- Joint Clinical Development Plan (CDP) updated with 26 new studies
- Multiple indications studied in parallel
- Joint Translational / CDx Working Group to optimize patient selection and execution across the program
- Collaboration with ex-US development teams to penetrate global markets
- Partnerships with patient advocacy groups in support of ongoing DESTINY trials

# **DS AZ Collaboration Fully Finances ADC's Development**



- At a speed and scale DS alone could not have supported
   Whilst preserving DS' ability to progress the rest of our portfolio
- > Next fiscal year 2020, we'll spend externally
  - ✓ DS-8201: ~175% of current DS-8201 FY2019 spend (Daiichi Sankyo part)
  - ✓ DS-1062 and U3-1402: ~175% of current FY2019 spend on these 2 assets



#### Transform treatment for HER2 tumors, as they will newly be defined

| HER2+<br>met BC   | Establish DS-8201 as<br>the new SoC in<br>HER2+ BC | <ul> <li>2020-2022:</li> <li>• Establish DS-8201 as SOC in 3L</li> <li>• Move quickly into 2L based on head-to-head data</li> </ul> |
|-------------------|--|---|
| HER2+<br>early BC |  | <ul> <li>Optimize opportunity in earlier settings</li> </ul>  |
| HER2 Low          | Redefine the BC                                    | Disrupt the current BC treatment paradigm with new HER2 Low characterization  |
| met BC treatmen   | treatment paradigm                                 | Optimize testing and access as the first targeted agent for HER2 Low patients   |
| Other<br>tumors   | Expand leadership<br>across other tumors           | Transform treatment across HER2 tumors<br>(NSCLC, GC, CRC)  |

### **Changing the Breast Cancer Clinical Paradigm**



# Breaking swim lanes

#### Traditional Paradigm

Patients and treatments defined by few segments...



#### Future Paradigm

#### Define new biology-driven characterization



# **DS-8201 Vision | Transform Treatment for HER2 Tumors**



# Starting 16 studies in next 18 months

| Extend use of DS-8201 to GC,<br>Develop <b>combination strategy</b> / Explore tumor-agnost<br><b>Start 6 Registration &amp; 4 Ph2 studies</b> | Expand leadership across<br>HER2 expressing tumors |                                     |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Create a new treatment paradigm in HER2low<br>Shape a new CDx framework in<br>Start 2 Registration studies & 1 Ph2 study in the next 1        | mBC<br>mBC<br>8 mo                                 | fine Breast Cancer<br>ment paradigm |
| Build on unprecedented data in HER2+<br>Start 2 Registration & 1 Ph2 studies<br>in next 18 mo   | Establish DS<br>HER2+ Brea                         | 5-8201 as the new SOC in st Cancer  |

### Summary of CDP of DS-8201: directional view



#### Green: Today's focus (Studies newly aligned with AZ)

#### **Total 43 studies**

| Tumors                                     | # of<br>studies | Deal defined Studies   | Added Studies                                    |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| Breast Cancer HER2+                        | 9               | 4 studies (3 DS ongoing studies, 1 new registrational study) | 5 studies (4 Registrational intent & 1 Platform) |
| Breast Cancer HER2 Low                     | 7               | 2 studies (1 DS ongoing studies, 1 new registrational study) | 5 Studies (3 Registrational intent & 2 Platform) |
| Lung                                       | 7               | 2 studies<br>(1 DS ongoing studies, 1 new Ph2 study)         | 5 Studies (4 Registrational intent & 1 Ph1/2)    |
| Gastric                                    | 5               | 2 studies (2 DS ongoing studies)                             | 3 studies (2 Registrational intent & 1 Ph1/2)    |
| Colorectal Cancer                          | 6               | 1 Studies (1 DS ongoing studies)                             | 5 Studies (4 Registrational intent & 1 Ph1/2)    |
| Tumor Agnostic                             | 3               | N/A  | 3 studies (1 Registrational intent & 2 Ph1/2)    |
| I/O Combination<br>(other partners)        | 2               | 2 Studies (2 DS ongoing studies)                             | N/A  |
| Multiple tumors<br>(FIH)/Clin pharm/Safety | 4               | 4 Studies (completed or ongoing)                             | N/A  |

**The Alliance Vision** 



#### Transform treatment for HER2 Tumors

Our obligation to patients is beyond what one company can achieve alone.



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### DS-1062 | TROP2 DXd ADC with D4-Enriched DAR4



#### TROP2 ADC is designed to be best in class



### DS-1062 | Phase 1 Study Design (NCT03401385)





- Ongoing first-in-human, US and Japan dose escalation and expansion phase 1 study of DS-1062 in unselected pts with unresectable advanced NSCLC relapsed/refractory to SOC
  - Male (57.7%)
  - Stage IV disease (88.5%)
  - Adenocarcinoma histology (73.1%)
  - ECOG PS 1 (80.8%)
  - Failed prior immune checkpoint inhibitors (86.5%)

DLT, dose-limiting toxicity; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; Pt, patient; Q3W, every 3 weeks; RDE, recommended dose for expansion; SOC, standard of care; TROP2, trophoblast cell-surface antigen 2. Data cut-off 03Jul2019

Source: Heist-R et al., Abstract #MA25.10, WCLC 2019

### DS-1062 | Tumor Response

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12 PRs (10 confirmed; 2 too early to confirm) across all doses in dose escalation

> At the 8-mg/kg dose there were 5/7 PRs and 2/7 SDs, and 6/7 pts are ongoing



Data cut-off: July 3, 2019.

ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor, HER2; human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; Pt, patient; SD, stable disease.

### DS-1062 | Tumor Response



#### Clear dose-effect on frequency of response



Data cut-off: July 3, 2019.

ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor, HER2; human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; Pt, patient; SD, stable disease.

# DS-1062 | Safety



| TEAEs, regardless of causality, (in $\geq$ 10% of pts), n (%) (N=52) |            |           |                  |            |          |  |  |  |
|--|------------|-----------|------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|
|  | All Grades | Grade ≥3  |                  | All grades | Grade ≥3 |  |  |  |
| Any TEAE   | 48 (92.3)  | 22 (42.3) | Constipation     | 7 (13.5)   | 0        |  |  |  |
| Fatigue  | 19 (36.5)  | 2 (3.8)   | Cough            | 7 (13.5)   | 0        |  |  |  |
| Nausea   | 19 (36.5)  | 0         | Diarrhea         | 7 (13.5)   | 0        |  |  |  |
| Alopecia   | 15 (28.8)  | 0         | ALT increased    | 6 (11.5)   | 0        |  |  |  |
| Decreased appetite   | 14 (26.9)  | 0         | Weight decreased | 6 (11.5)   | 0        |  |  |  |
| Anemia   | 12 (23.1)  | 0         | Dehydration      | 5 (9.6)    | 0        |  |  |  |
| Stomatitis/mucosal inflammation                                      | 12 (23.1)  | 2 (3.8)   | Dyspnea          | 5 (9.6)    | 1 (1.9)  |  |  |  |
| Vomiting   | 12 (23.1)  | 0         | Headache         | 5 (9.6)    | 0        |  |  |  |
| Infusion related reaction  | 11 (21.2)  | 0         | Pain             | 5 (9.6)    | 1 (1.9)  |  |  |  |
| Rash   | 8 (15.4)   | 0         |                  |            |          |  |  |  |

• DLT at 10 mg/kg;<sup>a</sup> MTD at 8 mg/kg median exposure duration was 10.6 (range 3.0–43.1) weeks

Data cut-off: 03 Jul 2019

- Serious TEAEs in 14 (26.9%) pts and death in 3 (5.8%) pts; no deaths were related to study drug
- TEAEs associated with dose reduction,<sup>b</sup> interruption, or discontinuation<sup>c</sup> in 5 (9.6%), 5 (9.6%), and 2 (3.8%) pts, respectively
- One pt (1.9%) with disease progression treated with the 6.0 mg/kg dose developed a pulmonary adverse event of special interest of respiratory failure (grade 5), adjudicated as not an ILD
  - Including cases post-data cutoff, 4 not-yet adjudicated possible ILD reports were observed (1 grade 2 pneumonitis [6.0 mg/kg], 1 grade 2 organizing pneumonia [8 mg/kg], 1 grade 2 pneumonitis [8 mg/kg], and 1 grade 5 [respiratory failure in a pt with disease progression; 8.0 mg/kg])

<sup>a</sup>2 DLTs occurred at the 10-mg/kg dose; 1 pt with mucosal inflammation and another pt with stomatitis. One DLT occurred at the 6-mg/kg dose in a pt with rash maculopapular. <sup>b</sup>The most frequent TEAE leading to dose reduction was mucosal inflammation (2 pts [3.8%], 10-mg/kg group).

°TEAEs leading to drug discontinuation (1 pt each) were pleural effusion (0.27 mg/kg) and pain (2.0 mg/kg).

ALT, alanine aminotransferase; DLT, dose-limiting toxicity; ILD, interstitial lung disease; MTD, maximum tolerated dose; PD, progressive disease; Pt, patient; RDE, recommended dose for expansion; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.

#### Source: Heist-R et al., Abstract #MA25.10, WCLC 2019

# DS-1062 Phase 1 Recent Update Efficacy\* (as of Nov. 16 2019, preliminary data)





Dose dependent increase in tumor response in heavily pretreated, unselected NSCLC patients having progressed on standard of care, including immune checkpoint inhibitors, EGFR inhibitors, and ALK inhibitors





# DS-1062 appears to have the characteristics of a "drug-to-be"

Early clinical results indicate that DS-1062 maintains clear activity, dose effect, durability and tolerability – ILD to watch



**DXd portability** further established, added technology of **D4enriched DAR4 conjugation** validated



Driven by emergent NSCLC data, **differentiation vs IMMU-132** appears credible



Fast-to-market US path emerging in NSCLC

# DS-1062 | NSCLC Development Plan





### U3-1402 | HER3 Targeted ADC





**Potential First-in-class Drug** 

### U3-1402 | Phase 1 NSCLC EGFRm





A phase 1 study of U3-1402 in NSCLC (NCT03260491). <sup>a</sup>Data cutoff of May 3, 2019.

AE, adverse event; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; HER3, human epidermal growth factor receptor 3; IV, intravenously; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; Q3W, every 3 weeks; RDE, recommended dose for expansion; TKI, tyrosine kinase receptor.

Source: Yu H et al., Abstract #MA21.06, WCLC 2019

#### U3-1402 | Antitumor Activity Across Diverse EGFR TKI Resistance Mechanisms





A phase 1 study of U3-1402 in NSCLC (NCT03260491). §2 patients had  $\geq$  30% reduction in SoD, which were not considered confirmed PRs; 1 experienced transient tumor size reduction and 1 had not yet been confirmed at data cutoff. <sup>a</sup>Performed centrally using Oncomine<sup>TM</sup> Comprehensive Assay v3 from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tumor tissue. Results from local testing are included for patients where tissue was unavailable for central analysis. Additional mutations detected from cfDNA in blood collected prior to treatment with U3-1402 using GuardantOMNI assay are included. For cfDNA analysis, a minor allelic frequency of 1% was used as a threshold for detection of mutations. The copy number data from cfDNA are not shown.

cfDNA, cell-free DNA; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; HER3, human epidermal growth factor receptor 3; PR, partial response; SoD, sum of diameters; TKI, tyrosine kinase receptor.



Early clinical results indicate that U3-1402 appears active in NSCLC, adding to breast cancer activity previously reported



Targeting HER3 with U3-1402 may be a **practical approach to treat EGFR-mutant** NSCLC with diverse mechanisms of resistance to EGFR TKIs

HER3 expression post-TKI seems to be frequent and stable



Fast-to-market US path emerging in NSCLC

# U3-1402 | Beyond Lung Cancer | Metastatic Breast Cancer



Observed **frequent and durable antitumor activity** in the initial cohorts of the **metastatic breast cancer** program

- As the breast cancer study (J101) progressed, the consistency of this response pattern became variable
- Also observed frequent but transient and reversible thrombocytopenia in cycle 1, unlike with other DXd ADCs

#### **FTIH to August 2018 cumulative breast cancer experience** (n=42)

- ✓ ORR: 42.9% (18/42)
- ✓ Disease Control Rate: 90.5%

#### August 2018 to August 2019 additional breast cancer experience (n=82)

- ✓ ORR: 17.1% (14/82)
- ✓ Disease Control Rate: 89.0%

# U3-1402 | Beyond Lung Cancer | Metastatic Breast Cancer



#### What have we learned

- HER3 expression in breast cancer is more variable and heterogeneous than anticipated
  - **IHC detection, even if specific might not be sensitive enough** to best select the breast cancer population most likely to benefit
- HER3 expression in breast cancer appears to be dynamic, unlike in lung cancer or HER2 in breast cancer

### U3-1402 | Breast Cancer: Best Overall Response by IHC

Assessed on Pre-treatment Fresh Biopsy (N=43)\*



Daiichi-Sankvo

**cancer**enterpris

### U3-1402 | HER3 Expression in Breast Cancer



#### HER3 Expression Variability in Breast Cancer Over Time\*



HER3 Expression Level Decreases During U3-1402 Treatment in Breast Cancer\*

#### U3-1402 | Payload Release Profile and Thrombocytopenia Rate Distinct from DS-8201 at cycle 1\*





#### Sustained Internalization Rate of U3-1402 in EGFRm Lung Cancer\*

Monotherapy or in Combination with Osimertinib



#### **Quantification of Internalization Over Time**



# U3-1402 | What Does It Mean for Daiichi Sankyo?



Lung

#### Lung cancer: EGFRm presents a clear opportunity

- HER3 consistently expressed and internalized post TKI
- Combination with osimertinib will be pursued



**Breast cancer**: biology of receptor (dimerization / internalization / trafficking) is substantially altered by yet unknown factor(s)

Intensive translational research ongoing (MSKCC, MDACC, SOLTI, and others)



**Colorectal** and **Prostate** cancers: Phase 2 studies planned

#### **DS-7300 | Press Release (31 Oct 2019)**



#### 🔵 Daiichi-Sankyo

Passion for Innovation. Compassion for Patients."

#### 2019.10.31

Company name: DAIICHI SANKYO COMPANY, LIMITED Representative: Sunao Manabe, Representative Director, President and CEO (Code no.: 4568, First Section, Tokyo Stock Exchange) Please address inquiries to Junichi Onuma, Vice President, Corporate Communications Department Telephone: +81-3-6225-1126 https://www.daiichisankyo.com

Daiichi Sankyo Initiates Clinical Trial with its 4th DXd Antibody Drug Conjugate, DS-7300, in Collaboration with Sarah Cannon Research Institute

- First-in-human phase 1/2 study evaluating DS-7300, a B7-H3 targeting ADC, in patients with advanced/unresectable or metastatic solid tumors
- B7-H3 is a protein overexpressed in various types of cancers
- DS-7300 is the fourth ADC to enter the clinic utilizing Daiichi Sankyo's proprietary DXd technology and the first being jointly developed in a strategic partnership with Sarah Cannon Research Institute

Nashville, Tenn., Tokyo, Munich and Basking Ridge, NJ - (October 31, 2019) – Daiichi Sankyo Company, Limited (hereafter, Daiichi Sankyo) and Sarah Cannon Research Institute (Sarah Cannon) announced today that the first patient has been dosed in a first-in-human phase 1/2 study evaluating DS-7300, an investigational B7-H3 targeting antibody drug conjugate (ADC), in patients with various advanced solid tumors that have progressed on standard treatments or for whom no standard treatment exists.

The study is the first in the strategic oncology partnership announced between Daiichi Sankyo and Sarah Cannon, designed to expedite and optimize global clinical development of Daiichi Sankyo's novel ADCs and other targeted cancer therapies by combining the operational and scientific expertise of both organizations.

DS-7300 is the fourth ADC in clinical development utilizing Daiichi Sankyo's proprietary DXd technology and was designed to target and deliver chemotherapy inside cancer cells that express the B7-H3 protein. B7-H3 is frequently overexpressed in various types of cancers and has been associated with disease progression and poor prognosis in many tumor types.[1] No B7-H3 targeting therapies are currently approved for treatment of any cancer.

#### Daiichi Sankyo Initiates Clinical Trial with its 4th DXd Antibody Drug Conjugate, DS-7300, in Collaboration with Sarah Cannon Research Institute

- First-in-human phase 1/2 study evaluating DS-7300, a B7-H3 targeting ADC, in patients with advanced/unresectable or metastatic solid tumors
- B7-H3 is a protein overexpressed in various types of cancers
- DS-7300 is the fourth ADC to enter the clinic utilizing Daiichi Sankyo's proprietary DXd technology and the first being jointly developed in a strategic partnership with Sarah Cannon Research Institute
# DS-7300 | DXd ADC Targeting B7-H3-Expressing Tumors



#### **DS-7300 (anti-B7-H3 ADC)**



| mAb        | anti-B7-H3 IgG1   |
|------------|---|
| Payload    | DXd   |
| DAR        | 4   |
| Major MoA  | Cancer cell killing by DXd  |
| Competitor | MGC018 by MacroGenics<br>(P1 study initiated in Nov2018; ongoing) |

#### B7-H3 (CD276)

- B7-H3 is highly expressed in various solid cancers and expressed at low levels in normal tissues.
  - Anti-B7-H3 ADC antibody internalization rate 19-27%/3hr, comparable to trastuzumab
- B7-H3 is a type I transmembrane protein belonging to the B7 family which includes immune checkpoint molecules such as CTLA-4 ligands, and PD-L1.
- The function of B7-H3 yet to be elucidated.



# DS-7300 | Phase 1 Study Design



#### **Dose Escalation**

**Key Objectives:** Finding recommended dose for Expansion and determine evidence of preliminary efficacy

#### **Dose Expansion**

Key Objectives: Preliminary efficacy, ORR, and additional safety

#### Collection of archival and fresh tissue (pre-, on-treatment) biopsies-

#### **Advanced or Metastatic Solid Tumors**

Head and Neck, squamous-esophageal cancer, squamous NSCLC, Bladder, Sarcoma, Endometrial

- Regardless of B7-H3 expression (no preselection)
- mCRM, N = ~36
- Determine RDE based on safety (primary), PK, preliminary efficacy, and Biomarker

#### **Cohort 1: SCCHN**

Cohort 2: Sq-Esophageal Ca

#### **Cohort 3: Sq-NSCLC**

- N~ 40 for each cohort (1-3)
- Regardless of B7-H3 expression (no preselection)
- Additional or alternative indications may be added to expansion cohorts based on preliminary signals of activity

# DS-6157 | GPR20 ADC





Chi P. et al, Cancer Discov. 2018;8(2):146-149, 234-251. (modified)



GGFG: glycine-glycine-phenylalanine-glycine DXd: DX-8951 derivative FOXF1: Forkhead box F1 ETV1: ETS variant 1, a member of the ETS (E twenty-six) family of transcription factors

# DS-6157 | Phase 1 Study Design





GIST: gastrointestinal stromal tumors; RDE: recommended dose for expansion; BLRM: Bayesian logistic regression model; DFCI: Dana Farber Cancer Institute; NCCE: National Cancer Center Hospital

\*These are planned doses. Actual dose levels will be determined by clinical toxicity findings in each dose cohort & the BLRM. Higher or intermediate doses may also be considered. \*\*DS-6157a dose will be determined in Dose Escalation (Part 1).

\*\*\*Cohort 1 includes subjects who have been previously treated with imatinib & at least one post-imatinib treatment.

\*\*\*\*Cohort 2 will be initiated after efficacy is demonstrated (≥20% confirmed objective response rate in a minimum of 10 subjects treated with DS-6157a at RDE) in Dose Escalation & Dose Expansion Cohort 1. Cohort 2 will be initiated in the United States only.

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#### 5 DXd ADC ILD

- 6 "3 and Alpha"
- 7 News Flow and Future Events





### **Investigator Safe Use Campaign for ILD Detection & Management**

1<sup>st</sup> Phase Campaign: Awareness (Early calendar 2019 for DS-8201)



#### **Goal:** Drive ILD awareness, detection, and management **Resources for** AstraZeneca **HCPs** Daiichi-Sankyo **Patients** Prioritize investigators with Educate patients around risk Comprehensive education of ٠ • of ILD and need to self-**MSLs** patients on treatment monitor for symptoms Develop tools for MSLs to Ensure continuous education ٠ ٠ use in proactive direct and 'top of mind' status, communication with treating through numerous outlets physicians (in-person, online) Develop internal Give HCPs tools to reduce ILD Drive awareness and give understanding & external patients tools to support severity and improve *communication plans* detection & management management

DS-8201: did you screen for, and mitigate against ILD today?

# DS-8201 | FDA 90-Day Safety Update Summary and To-Date



- In HER2-positive 5.4 mg/kg, compared to safety data in submission, no significant changes in most AE and no new safety signal. Frequency of most AEs increased slightly.
- The most notable findings are:
  - Discontinuation associated with TEAE increased from 8.2% to 15.2%, mainly driven by new events of low grade ILD
  - > Adjudicated drug-related any grade ILD increased from 8.2% to 13.5%
    - New adjudicated related ILD events included 2 grade 1, 7 grade 2 and 1 grade 3
- It is important to note that after the phase 1 Safe use campaign was initiated, majority of the new cases were low grade (1 and 2) and only 1 subject was diagnosed with grade 3 ILD – no new grade 4 or 5 reported program-wide at treatment doses of 5.4 mg/kg

# U3-1402 | ILD (Adjudicated Outcomes) Summary



|  |                                 | Number (%) of Subjects with Each CTCAE Grade Reported by<br>Adjudication Committee |         |         |   |         |                      |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---------|---------|---|---------|----------------------|
|  |                                 | 1  | 2       | 3       | 4 | 5       | Total                |
| N = 205<br>Doses                                 | Adjudicated <sup>a</sup>        | 1 (0.5)  | 7 (3.4) | 3 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (0.5) | 12 (5.9)             |
| (1.6-8.0 mg/kg)<br>Median exposure<br>4.4 months | Adjudicated as ILD              | 1 (0.5)  | 6 (2.9) | 3 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (0.5) | 11 (5.4)             |
| Mean<br>exposure(SD) =<br>5.76mo (4.973)         | Adjudicated as Drug-<br>related | 1 (0.5)  | 4 (2.0) | 3 (1.5) | 0 | 1 (0.5) | 9 (4.4) <sup>b</sup> |

<sup>a</sup> Consisted of events based on 44 PTs selected for ILD adjudication – terms adjudicated as ILD – pneumonitis, interstitial pneumonia, radiation pneumonitis

b<sup>-</sup> the 2 cases considered not related to the study drug, were considered related to prior radiation therapy

# DS-1062 | ILD (Adjudicated Outcomes) Summary



#### All potential ILD cases as of 18 Oct 2019 have been adjudicated

|                              |                                 | Number (%) of Subjects with Each CTCAE Grade Reported by Adjudication<br>Committee |         |   |   |                      |         |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------|---|---|----------------------|---------|
|                              |                                 | 1  | 2       | 3 | 4 | 5                    | Total   |
| N=88 subj<br>Median exposure | Adjudicated <sup>a</sup>        | 0  | 3 (3.4) | 0 | 0 | 3 (3.4) <sup>b</sup> | 6 (6.8) |
| 7.1 wks<br>(3.0-54.0 wks)    | Adjudicated as ILD              | 0  | 3 (3.4) | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.1)              | 4 (4.5) |
| Mean (SD) –<br>13.4 (11.9)   | Adjudicated as Drug-<br>related | 0  | 3 (3.4) | 0 | 0 | 1 (1.1)              | 4 (4.5) |

<sup>a</sup> Consisted of events based on 44 PTs selected for ILD adjudication – events adjudicated as ILD : pneumonitis, respiratory failure and organizing pneumonia

<sup>b</sup> The other 2 events not adjudicated as ILD were adjudicated as Disease progression per the ILD AC

- DS and AZ have convened an advisory board consisting of oncologists and radiologists in order to discuss the ILD management algorithm and the current inclusion/exclusion criteria
- As a result, the management algorithm of ILD has been updated and a new phase of the Safe Use Campaign has been started across the ADC Franchise
  - the algorithm is more prescriptive and will assist the treating physicians in managing their patients
- The inclusion/exclusion criteria have been refined to exclude patients that could be at higher risk of developing ILD

| <u>HCPs</u> |
|-------------|
|             |
|             |

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# **Evolving the Strategic Platform from "7 in 8" to "3 and Alpha"**





#### **2019 Realities**

- ADCs meeting / exceeding expectations in the clinic, leading to expanded resource needs
- Quizartinib at risk of not achieving broad approval (RR or 1st line)

#### **2019 Strategic Intent**

- Fully optimize the three ADCs (DS-8201, DS-1062, U3-1402)
- Keep critical attention on the potential of the alpha assets to contribute to a robust science and technology driven portfolio

## Maximizing Development of 3 ADC's with Breadth & Depth Expansions



| Maximize  | Swift and independent development of the next ADCs   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| DS-8201   | DS-1062  | U3-1402  |  |  |  |
| Co-development partnership<br>with AZ           | Fast to market as late line NSCLC patient population   | Fast to market potential   |  |  |  |
| Accelerated and broadened geographical coverage | Potential expansion into first line<br>NSCLC (IO Combo) and<br>indications with high TROP-2<br>level | Positive early results with<br>monotherapy and expansion<br>into combination with<br>osimertinib |  |  |  |
| Expansion into multiple indications             | Massive scale up of our<br>manufacturing capacity which<br>creates relief on supply access           |  |  |  |  |



**Science-informed precision medicine** 

Full development of 3 ADC's based on the unique biology of both the DXd technology and the vector/receptor

# **Maximizing Value of Development**



# Cumulative risk adjusted value (revenue – dev cost) and cumulative clinical supply demand



Top 17 indications for DS-1062 and U3-1402 give ~90% of the value and require ~60% of clinical supplies (& ~55% of RD costs)

# Indication prioritization ensures focused and optimized use of resources

- We are actively prioritizing our indications based on potential value and clinical development requirements
- Potential risk cannibalization across assets on the same indication is considered if and only if the biology is truly overlapping

# What is the "3 and Alpha" Strategy?



# 3 lead ADCs

DS-8201: maximize value with codevelopment partnership with AZ

DS-1062: Substantial opportunities across multiple indications

U3-1402: fast to market

#### Science-informed precision medicine: three ADCs based on the unique biology of DXd technology and the vector/receptor

Alpha = angle of attack and speed of elevation

Alpha = Performance far exceeding benchmark index



Daiichi-Sankyo

chord

Alpha

camber line

angle of attack

Relative wind

Alpha= the cutting edge and power of true innovation delivering drugs changing SOC

# Major R&D Pipeline

Alpha

As of December 2019



|        | Generic Name/Project Code/<br>MOA                                 | Target Indication                          | Region            | Stage             |      |        |
|--------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|------|--------|
|        |   | Breast cancer (HER2 positive post T-DM1)   | JP/US/EU/<br>Asia | BLA/N<br>DA<br>P3 |      |        |
|        |   | Breast cancer (HER2 positive vs T-DM1)     | JP/US/EU/<br>Asia | P3                |      | cology |
|        | [fam-] trastuzumab deruxtecan/<br>DS-8201/anti-HER2 ADC           | Breast cancer (HER2 low expression)        | JP/US/EU/<br>Asia | P3                |      | Ö      |
| ŝ      |   | Gastric cancer (HER2 positive, 3L)         | JP/Asia           | P2                |      |        |
| 8<br>8 |   | Colorectal cancer (HER2 expressing)        | JP/US/EU          | P2                |      |        |
|        |   | NSCLC (HER2 expressing/mutant)             | JP/US/EU          | P2                |      |        |
|        |   | Breast and bladder cancer (with nivolumab) | US/EU             | P1                |      | es     |
|        |   | Breast cancer (HER3 expressing)            | JP/US             | P1                | Ja   | icin   |
|        | U3-1402/anti-HER3 ADC   | EGFRm NSCLC                                | JP/US             | P1                | Alpł | Med    |
|        | DS-1062/anti-TROP2 ADC  | NSCLC                                      | JP/US             | P1                |      | lty    |
|        |   | AML (relapsed/refractory)                  | Asia              | P3                |      | ecia   |
|        | Quizartinib/FLT3 inhibitor  | AML (1 <sup>st</sup> line)                 | JP/US/EU/<br>Asia | P3<br>LCM         |      | ъ      |
|        | Pexidartinib/<br>CSF-1/KIT/FLT3 inhibitor                         | Tenosynovial giant cell tumor              | EU                | P3                |      |        |
| ygolc  | Axicabtagene ciloleucel/<br>Axi-Cel <sup>®</sup> /anti-CD19 CAR-T | B-cell lymphoma                            | JP                | P2                |      |        |
| Once   | DS-1647(G47Δ)/oncolytic HSV-1                                     | Malignant glioma                           | JP                | P2                |      | accine |
|        |   | Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma             | JP                | P2                |      | >      |
|        | Valemetostat/DS-3201/   | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma (PTCL)              | JP/US             | P1                |      |        |
|        | EZH1/2 inhibitor  | AML, ALL                                   | US                | P1                |      |        |
|        |   | Small cell lung cancer                     | US                | P1                |      |        |

|   | Generic Name/Project Code/<br>MOA                                    | Target Indication   | Region   | Stage     |
|---|--|---|----------|-----------|
|   | Milademetan/DS-3032/   | Solid tumor (liposarcoma)   | JP/US    | P1        |
|   | MDM2 inhibitor   | AML   | JP/US    | P1        |
| 2 | PLX2853/BET inhibitor  | AML   | US       | P1        |
|   | DS-1001/ Mutant IDH1 inhibitor                                       | Glioma  | JP       | P1        |
|   |  | NSCLC (with gefitinib)  | JP       | P1        |
|   | DS-1205/AXL Inhibitor  | NSCLC (with osimertinib)  | Asia     | P1        |
|   | DS-7300/anti-B7-H3 ADC   | Solid tumor   | JP/US    | P1        |
|   | Edoxaban/FXa inhibitor   | Atrial fibrillation in the very elderly                                       | JP       | P3<br>LCM |
|   | Prasugrel/anti-platelet agent  | Ischemic stroke   | JP       | P3<br>LCM |
|   | Esaxerenone/MR-Antagonist  | Diabetic nephropathy  | JP       | P3<br>LCM |
|   | Mirogabalin/ $\alpha_2\delta$ ligand                                 | Central neuropathic pain  | JP/Asia  | P3<br>LCM |
|   | DS-1040/TAFIa inhibitor  | Acute ischemic stroke,<br>acute pulmonary thromboembolism                     | JP/US/EU | P1        |
|   | DS-5141/ENA-oligonucleotide  | Duchenne type muscular dystrophy  | JP       | P1        |
|   | DS-1211/TNAP inhibitor   | Inhibition of ectopic calcification   | US       | P1        |
| 2 | VN-0107/MEDI3250/live<br>attenuated influenza vaccine<br>nasal spray | Prophylaxis of seasonal influenza   | JP       | NDA       |
|   | VN-0105/DPT-IPV/Hib  | Prevention of pertussis, diphtheria, tetanus, poliomyelitis and Hib infection | JP       | Р3        |
|   | VN-0102/JVC-001/<br>Measles-mumps-rubella vaccine                    | For measles, mumps, and rubella prophylaxis                                   | JP       | P2        |

ALL: acute lymphocytic leukemia, AML: acute myeloid leukemia, NSCLC: non-small-cell lung cancer, PTCL: peripheral T-cell lymphoma

# **ADC Development Coalition with a Selected CRO**

Integrated Delivery Model meeting both Companies' needs



#### **Daiichi Sankyo Needs**

- Innovative Changing the CRO/sponsor dynamic with concentrated effort on innovation & early integration, joint tactical decisions
- DS core competency retention enables Daiichi Sankyo to retain & develop core competencies
- Financial alignment that aligns CRO/sponsor objectives and supports CRO accountability
- Efficient & predictable operational delivery commitment to driving/reducing clinical development timelines
- Site & Patient Centric Approach early engagement from protocol development through market access
- **Flexibility and scalability** ability to adapt and adjust strategy and resource in a dynamic research environment
- Assurance of quality robust quality management plan & access to transparent portfolio data enabling DS "Right" touch

#### **CRO Needs**

- **Science** involved in world-class science which in turns motivate CRO employees
- Respect and Trust CRO's voice to be considered and heard by sponsor will result in CRO employee retention and performance
  - i.e. not be considered "a service provider" to a sponsor
- Financial alignment and incentives that align CRO/sponsor and supports CRO accountability for performance based on regulatory approval(s)

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# **Upcoming News**



#### HER2 Positive mBC Pivotal Phase 2 Study – DESTINY-Breast01

- JP: NDA submitted and accepted on September 9, 2019
- US: PDUFA date: April 29, 2020
- EU: MAA submission planned for 1H FY2020

# Breast

#### HER2 Positive mGC Pivotal Phase 2 Study – DESTINY-Gastric01

• JP/S. Korea TLR anticipated for 4Q FY2019

# Gastric

#### **DS-1062**

#### **ASCO 2020 Planned Presentation**

 NSCLC Phase 1 Expansion Update



#### **ASCO 2020 Planned Presentations**

- DESTINY-Breast01 Update
- DESTINY-Gastric01 Results
- Colorectal Phase 2
- NSCLC Phase 2
- Breast/Bladder Nivolumab Combo Phase 1
- Translational Research

# **Upcoming News**



#### **U3-1402**

# WCLC 2020 Planned Presentation

 NSCLC Phase 1 Expansion Update



#### Pexidartinib

#### Tenosynovial Giant Cell Tumor

• EU: under review for 1H FY2020 decision



### DS-1647 (G47Δ)

#### **Malignant Glioma**

 JP: NDA submission in 2H FY2019



#### **Cancer Enterprise | Deliver, Scale Up, Lead**





# FY2019 R&D Major Milestones (As of December 2019)



| Project Target Indications and Studies |              | FY2019  |                       |                           |  | FY2020              |               |
|--|--------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------|
|  |              | Target indications and Studies                              | Q1                    | Q2                        | Q3   | Q4                  | Q1~           |
|  |              | P2 pivotal: breast cancer (HER2 positive post T-DM1)        |                       | JP/US submitted           |  |                     | EU submission |
|  |              | P2 pivotal: gastric cancer (HER2 positive, 3L) (JP/Asia)    |                       |                           |  |                     | JP submission |
| S                                      | DS-8201      | P2: gastric cancer (HER2 positive post trastuzumab) (US/EU) |                       | Study started             |  |                     |               |
| 3 AD                                   |              | P1: breast cancer and NSCLC with pembrolizumab              |                       |                           | Study start planned  |                     |               |
|  | U3-1402      | P1: NSCLC   |                       | Started dose<br>expansion |  |                     |               |
|  | DS-1062      | P1: NSCLC   |                       | Started dose<br>expansion |  |                     |               |
|  | Quizartinib  | P3: AML (relapsed/refractory)                               | JP approved<br>US CRL |                           | JP launched<br>EU received EMA<br>CHMP negative<br>opinion |                     |               |
|  | Pexidartinib | P3: tenosynovial giant cell tumor (US/EU)                   |                       | US approved/<br>launched  |  |                     | EU decision   |
| Ja                                     | DS-1647      | IIS: malignant glioma (JP)                                  |                       |                           | Subm   | nission             |               |
| Alpł                                   | DS-2201      | P1: small cell lung cancer (US)                             | Study started         |                           |  |                     |               |
|  | 03-3201      | P2: Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma                          |                       |                           | Study started  |                     |               |
|  | DS-1205      | P1: NSCLC with osimertinib (Asia)                           | Study started         |                           |  |                     |               |
|  | DS-7300      | P1/2: solid tumors  |                       |                           | Study started  |                     |               |
|  | DS-6157      | P1: gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GIST)                  |                       |                           |  | Study start planned |               |
|  | Laninamivir  | P3: influenza (nebulizer formulation) (JP)                  | Approved              |                           | Launched   |                     |               |

AML: acute myeloid leukemia, CRL: complete response letter, NSCLC: non-small-cell lung cancer

Underlined in red: new or updated from FY2019 Q2, blue: achieved

# DS-8201 | Breast Cancer CDP | Comprehensive Plan



 Ongoing P3
 P2
 As of Nov 15, 2019

AstraZeneca

Daiichi-Sankvo



- Simplified view of SOC in G7 shown above not meant to be patient flow or full representation of regimen shares; biomarker overlap not well characterized
- Drug-treated patients <u>G7</u> markets in 2025 (source: Kantar, rounded to nearest 5k). 80% of Stg IIIbc patients included in metastatic as not resectable with curative intent (to be validated in MR)
- <sup>+</sup>Multi-indication basket

# DS-8201 | Non-Breast Cancer CDP

Daiichi-Sankyo cancerenterprise

Ongoing P3 P2 As of Nov 15, 2019



• Drug-treated patients G7 markets in 2025 (source: Kantar for total patients, rounded to nearest 1k; Prevalence per below; Gastric includes GEJ adeno, rates sourced from DRG)

• Wide range of HER2+ prevalence reported in literature. Same prevalence assumed across lines of therapy given limited data; may differ between early & metastatic

• <sup>1,2</sup>ToGA, GOLD <sup>3</sup>Range: 1-4% for HER2<sup>m</sup> (Peters 2014) <sup>4</sup>Range: 2-19% for IHC 3+ or 3+/2+ (Hisch 2002, Zinner 2004, Heinmoller 2003) <sup>5</sup>Range: 1-7% for IHC3+ (Sienna 2018)

• \*Registrational Ph2 in Japan/Korea, with exploratory cohort in IC2+/1+ ; <sup>+</sup>Multi-indication basket

# **Abbreviations**



| Abbreviations |   |
|---------------|---|
| AE            | Adverse event                                 |
| BTD           | Breakthrough therapy designation              |
| CR            | Complete response                             |
| CRL           | Complete response letter                      |
| DCR           | Disease control rate                          |
| DLT           | Dose limiting toxicity                        |
| DOR           | Duration of response                          |
| EGFR          | Epidermal growth factor receptor              |
| MTD           | Maximum tolerated dose                        |
| ORR           | Overall response rate Objective response rate |
| OS            | Overall survival                              |
| PD            | Progress disease                              |
| PFS           | Progression-free survival                     |
| PR            | Partial response                              |
| SD            | Stable disease                                |
| TEAE          | Treatment emergent adverse event              |

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